DID YOU KNOW?

An estimated 17.9 million adults in the U.S. have disorders of the voice. Many people use their voices for their work. Singers, teachers, telemarketers, lawyers, broadcast journalists, sales people, and public speakers are those at greatest risk.

Taking care of your voice can help you avoid voice problems and disorders.



The National Institute on Deafness and Other **Communication Disorders (NIDCD) supports research** to understand diseases and conditions that can harm the voice and to test new ways to diagnose, treat, or cure voice disorders.



NIDCD-funded research is exploring how the brain controls the muscles and nerves to produce the human voice. These findings may help the development of better treatments for voice disorders. NIDCD-funded research is seeking to determine

whether voice therapy improves voice-related



quality of life for children with vocal fold nodules, small noncancerous growths that form within or along vocal folds. NIDCD-funded researchers are also looking at new ways to assess vocal disorders and testing new



methods of voice therapy.



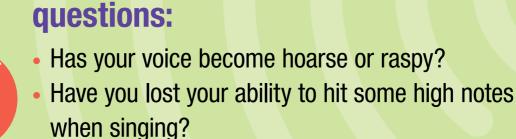
Upper respiratory infections Acid reflux, heartburn, gastroesophageal reflux

What causes voice problems?

- disease (GERD), or laryngopharyngeal reflux (LPR) Vocal misuse and overuse
- Growths on the vocal folds
- Cancer of the larynx
- Neurological diseases Psychological trauma
- You may have a voice problem

your throat?

your physician.



if you answer "yes" to any of these



- when singing?
- Does your voice suddenly sound deeper? Does your throat often feel raw, achy, or strained?
- Has it become an effort to talk? Do you find yourself repeatedly clearing
- If you answered "yes" to any of these questions, you may want to talk to

Tips To Prevent Voice Problems



Maintain a healthy Stay hydrated: Drink 6 to 8 glasses of lifestyle and diet.



indoors is very dry-30% humidity is recommended.

get enough rest.

Use a humidifier in

your home during

winter or if the air



grains, fruits, and vegetables, and avoid spicy foods.

Use a salt water

choose to gargle.

solution if you

Eat plenty of whole

water a day.



Limit your intake of Don't smoke and avoid alcohol or caffeine second-hand and medications



Avoid mouthwash containing alcohol

or irritating

chemicals.



that dry out the

Use your voice wisely and try not to speak or sing when your voice is hoarse or tired.



smoke.

Avoid cradling the phone to prevent muscle tension in your neck. Use a microphone, when

necessary, in exhibit

areas, classrooms, or

exercise rooms.



screaming or whispering. Practice good breathing techniques when

singing or talking.

Rest your voice when

you are sick. Avoid



Avoid talking in noisy places.



Talk to your physician about ways to prevent heartburn, GERD, or LPR.



Consider voice therapy with a speech-language pathologist to treat voice problems.



